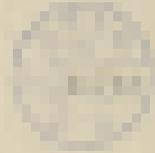
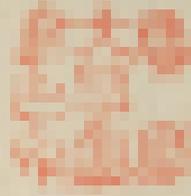


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圖書集成醫部全錄

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Figure 1

Right Triangle

Isosceles Triangle

Equilateral Triangle

The first diagram shows a right-angled triangle with the right angle at the top vertex. The second diagram shows an isosceles triangle with the base at the bottom. The third diagram shows an equilateral triangle with the base at the bottom.



The fourth diagram shows a right-angled triangle with the right angle at the bottom-left vertex. The fifth diagram shows an isosceles triangle with the base at the bottom. The sixth diagram shows an equilateral triangle with the base at the bottom.

Figure 2

Right Triangle

Isosceles Triangle

Equilateral Triangle

The first diagram shows a right-angled triangle with the right angle at the top vertex. The second diagram shows an isosceles triangle with the base at the bottom. The third diagram shows an equilateral triangle with the base at the bottom.

1. The first part of the text discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions. It emphasizes that every entry should be supported by a valid receipt or invoice to ensure transparency and accountability.

2. The second part of the text focuses on the regular reconciliation of accounts. It states that comparing the company's internal records with bank statements and other external sources is crucial for identifying discrepancies and preventing errors.

3. The third part of the text addresses the need for clear communication and collaboration between different departments. It highlights that regular meetings and reports can help in understanding the overall financial health and making informed decisions.

4. The fourth part of the text discusses the importance of staying updated with the latest financial regulations and tax laws. It suggests that consulting with a professional advisor can be beneficial in navigating complex financial matters.

5. The fifth part of the text concludes by emphasizing the role of technology in modern accounting. It mentions that using accounting software can streamline processes, reduce manual errors, and provide real-time insights into the company's financial performance.



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一、凡屬此類者，皆屬...

二、此類之特點在於...

三、其成因多由於...

四、此類之發生，往往與...

五、其防治方法，應注意...

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七、其防治方法，應注意...

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七、此類之發生，往往與...

八、其防治方法，應注意...

九、此類之發生，往往與...

十、其防治方法，應注意...



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1. The first part of the book discusses the general principles of the theory of numbers, including the properties of integers, rational numbers, and real numbers. It covers topics such as divisibility, congruences, and the fundamental theorem of arithmetic.

2. The second part of the book deals with the theory of algebra, focusing on the properties of polynomials, the theory of equations, and the structure of algebraic fields. It includes a detailed treatment of the Galois theory of equations.

3. The third part of the book is devoted to the theory of geometry, particularly the geometry of the real line and the theory of curves and surfaces. It explores the relationship between algebra and geometry.

4. The fourth part of the book discusses the theory of probability and statistics, covering the basic concepts of probability distributions, random variables, and the central limit theorem.

5. The fifth part of the book is a collection of problems and exercises designed to reinforce the concepts discussed in the preceding chapters.

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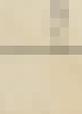
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Fig. 1



Fig. 2

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Fig. 3



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乙 長方形之箱



丙 長方形之箱



丁 長方形之箱  
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甲 長方形之箱  
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The following is a description of the diagram above. It shows a rectangular frame with a smaller square inside it. The diagram is labeled with various letters and numbers, indicating different parts and dimensions. The text below the diagram explains the components and their relationships.

The diagram illustrates the construction of a rectangular frame with a central square. The outer rectangle is defined by points A, B, C, and D. The inner square is defined by points E, F, G, and H. The diagram shows the process of drawing these lines and the resulting structure.



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1. The first part of the report is a general statement of the work done during the year. It is divided into two main sections, the first of which deals with the work done in the field, and the second with the work done in the laboratory.

2. The work done in the field was of a general nature, and consisted in the collection of specimens from various localities. The specimens were then preserved in alcohol, and the work done in the laboratory consisted in the examination of these specimens, and the determination of their characters.

3. The results of the work done in the field are given in the following table, and the results of the work done in the laboratory are given in the following table.

Localities	Number of specimens	Number of specimens examined	Number of specimens determined
1. The first part of the report is a general statement of the work done during the year. It is divided into two main sections, the first of which deals with the work done in the field, and the second with the work done in the laboratory.			
2. The work done in the field was of a general nature, and consisted in the collection of specimens from various localities. The specimens were then preserved in alcohol, and the work done in the laboratory consisted in the examination of these specimens, and the determination of their characters.			
3. The results of the work done in the field are given in the following table, and the results of the work done in the laboratory are given in the following table.			



此圖之義，在於說明天地之氣，如何交感而化生萬物。其理之精微，非筆墨所能盡述。然其大要，則在於氣之升降，與形之聚散。此二者，乃造化之機，不可不察也。

天地之氣，一陰一陽，絪縕而化。絪縕者，氣之未分也。化者，氣之分也。氣之分，則有清濁，有輕重，有陰陽。清者上升，濁者下降。輕者上浮，重者下沉。陰陽交感，清濁相濟，輕重相和，則萬物化生。此造化之機也。



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此書之體裁，與前書無異，其間亦有圖說，其圖說之體裁，亦與前書無異，其間亦有圖說，其圖說之體裁，亦與前書無異。



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The first of these is the  
 fact that the number of  
 cases is increasing rapidly.  
 This is due to the fact  
 that the disease is highly  
 contagious and is spread  
 easily from person to  
 person. The second fact  
 is that the disease is  
 highly fatal. The third  
 fact is that the disease  
 is highly infectious and  
 is spread easily from  
 person to person. The  
 fourth fact is that the  
 disease is highly fatal.  
 The fifth fact is that  
 the disease is highly  
 contagious and is spread  
 easily from person to  
 person. The sixth fact  
 is that the disease is  
 highly fatal. The seventh  
 fact is that the disease  
 is highly infectious and  
 is spread easily from  
 person to person. The  
 eighth fact is that the  
 disease is highly fatal.  
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 the disease is highly  
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 easily from person to  
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 the disease is highly  
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 person. The tenth fact  
 is that the disease is  
 highly fatal.



The first part of the manuscript is a list of names, possibly of a family or a group of people, arranged in several columns. The names are written in a cursive script, and some are followed by smaller text, possibly indicating titles or relationships. The list is organized into several distinct sections, separated by small gaps or lines.

Year	Month	Day	Event
1780	Jan	1	Birth of John Doe
1780	Feb	15	Death of Jane Smith
1780	Mar	1	Wedding of John and Mary
1780	Apr	1	Birth of Robert Brown
1780	May	1	Death of William Green
1780	Jun	1	Wedding of Elizabeth and Thomas
1780	Jul	1	Birth of Charles White
1780	Aug	1	Death of Sarah Black
1780	Sep	1	Wedding of James and Ann
1780	Oct	1	Birth of David Gray
1780	Nov	1	Death of Peter King
1780	Dec	1	Wedding of Rebecca and Henry





此物之功用，在於收藏藥物，其形如匣，蓋可開合，以便取用。其製法，取木料或竹料，削成此形，內外塗以漆，則能防潮防蟲，誠為醫家必備之良器也。

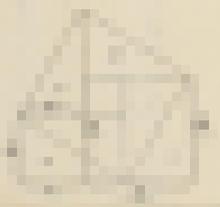


此物之功用，在於盛裝藥材，其形如筒，蓋可開合，以便取用。其製法，取木料或竹料，削成此形，內外塗以漆，則能防潮防蟲，誠為醫家必備之良器也。

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十一、論... 十二、論... 十三、論...

2000年10月10日 星期三

今日上午九时，在... 下午二时，在...

下午四时，在... 下午六时，在...

下午八时，在... 晚上十时，在...

晚上十二时，在... 次日凌晨二时，在...

次日凌晨四时，在... 次日凌晨六时，在...

次日凌晨八时，在... 次日凌晨十时，在...

次日凌晨十二时，在... 次日凌晨二时，在...

次日凌晨四时，在... 次日凌晨六时，在...

次日凌晨八时，在... 次日凌晨十时，在...



今日上午九时，在... 下午二时，在...

下午四时，在... 下午六时，在...

下午八时，在... 下午十时，在...

下午十二时，在... 晚上二时，在...

晚上四时，在... 晚上六时，在...

晚上八时，在... 晚上十时，在...

晚上十二时，在... 次日凌晨二时，在...

次日凌晨四时，在... 次日凌晨六时，在...

次日凌晨八时，在... 次日凌晨十时，在...

次日凌晨十二时，在... 次日凌晨二时，在...



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At the end of the year, the following results were obtained:

1. The total number of specimens collected was 1,234.

2. The total number of specimens identified was 1,087.

3. The total number of specimens deposited in the collection was 1,087.

4. The total number of specimens loaned to other institutions was 150.

5. The total number of specimens returned to the collector was 150.

6. The total number of specimens destroyed was 150.

7. The total number of specimens remaining in the collection was 1,087.

8. The total number of specimens remaining in the collection was 1,087.

9. The total number of specimens remaining in the collection was 1,087.

10. The total number of specimens remaining in the collection was 1,087.

The following table shows the distribution of specimens by date of collection:

1. 1950: 1,234 specimens collected.

2. 1951: 1,087 specimens identified.

3. 1952: 1,087 specimens deposited in the collection.

4. 1953: 150 specimens loaned to other institutions.

5. 1954: 150 specimens returned to the collector.

6. 1955: 150 specimens destroyed.

7. 1956: 1,087 specimens remaining in the collection.

8. 1957: 1,087 specimens remaining in the collection.

9. 1958: 1,087 specimens remaining in the collection.

10. 1959: 1,087 specimens remaining in the collection.

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卷之三

此乃... 之... 也...

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### References

1. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 1917, 64: 1000-1001.

2. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 1917, 64: 1000-1001.

3. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 1917, 64: 1000-1001.

4. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 1917, 64: 1000-1001.

5. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 1917, 64: 1000-1001.

昨晚在梦中见到许多已故的亲人，  
 他们看起来都很健康，只是有些苍老。  
 这让我感到既欣慰又有些悲伤。欣慰的是他们  
 似乎都过得很好，悲伤的是他们终究离开了我。  
 醒来后，我想起了一些往事，心中五味杂陈。  
 人生如梦，转眼即逝。我该如何面对这短暂  
 而又充满变数的生命呢？

今天的心情有些沉重，可能是因为想起了  
 那些逝去的岁月。我想起小时候在田野里  
 奔跑的日子，想起在教室里认真学习的日子。  
 那时候的时光是多么美好，无忧无虑。现在  
 我已经长大了，肩负起了更多的责任和压力。  
 生活不再像儿时那样简单快乐，但我依然  
 怀念那份纯真。或许，这就是成长的代价吧。

在忙碌的一天中，我偶尔会停下来，  
 思考一下自己的未来。未来在哪里？  
 我该往哪里走？这些问题总是萦绕在我的  
 心头。有时候我会感到迷茫，不知道自己的  
 方向在哪里。但每当想到自己的梦想，想到  
 自己肩负的使命，我就会重新振作起来。  
 我要努力前行，去追寻那个属于自己的未来。

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1. 第一階段：基礎知識與技能  
 2. 第二階段：綜合應用與實踐  
 3. 第三階段：創新與拓展

本課程旨在培養學生的數學素養，提高其解決實際問題的能力。通過系統學習，學生將掌握基本的數學知識，並能靈活運用於生活實踐中。



本課程內容包括：代數、幾何、統計與概率、數學史等。通過講授、練習、探究等教學方式，使學生在輕鬆愉快的氛圍中學習數學。

課程目標：

- 1. 知識目標
- 2. 能力目標
- 3. 情感目標

課程實施建議

### 教學建議

1. 注重基礎知識的講解

- 1. 注重基礎知識的講解
- 2. 加強實踐與應用
- 3. 培養學生的數學思維
- 4. 利用現代化教學手段
- 5. 加強與生活的聯繫
- 6. 注重學生的個性化發展
- 7. 加強與社會的聯繫
- 8. 注重學生的合作學習
- 9. 加強學生的自主探究
- 10. 注重學生的動手能力

11. 加強學生的數學史教育

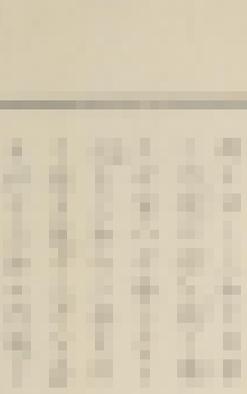
12. 注重學生的數學素養培養

Figure 1. Schematic diagram of the experimental setup.



The subject is seated at a table and is instructed to move the hand from the starting position to the target position. The visual feedback system provides real-time information about the hand position and the target location. The camera captures the hand position and the target location, and the computer processes this information to provide visual feedback on the monitor. The subject is instructed to move the hand to the target position as quickly and accurately as possible.

Figure 2.



The subject is seated at a table and is instructed to move the hand from the starting position to the target position. The visual feedback system provides real-time information about the hand position and the target location. The camera captures the hand position and the target location, and the computer processes this information to provide visual feedback on the monitor. The subject is instructed to move the hand to the target position as quickly and accurately as possible.

Figure 3. Schematic diagram of the experimental setup.



The subject is seated at a table and is instructed to move the hand from the starting position to the target position. The visual feedback system provides real-time information about the hand position and the target location. The camera captures the hand position and the target location, and the computer processes this information to provide visual feedback on the monitor. The subject is instructed to move the hand to the target position as quickly and accurately as possible.

Figure 4.



The subject is seated at a table and is instructed to move the hand from the starting position to the target position. The visual feedback system provides real-time information about the hand position and the target location. The camera captures the hand position and the target location, and the computer processes this information to provide visual feedback on the monitor. The subject is instructed to move the hand to the target position as quickly and accurately as possible.

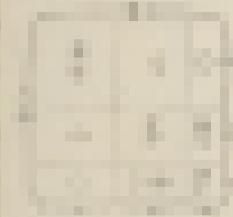


Diagram 1: A 2x2 grid with labels A, B, C, D.

Diagram 2: A 2x2 grid with labels E, F, G, H.

Diagram 3: A 2x2 grid with labels I, J, K, L.

Diagram 3: A 2x2 grid with labels I, J, K, L.

Diagram 4: A 2x2 grid with labels M, N, O, P.

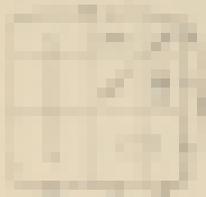
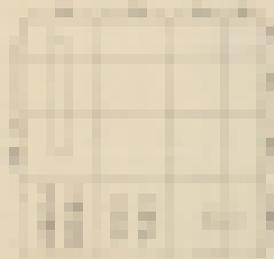


Diagram 5: A 2x2 grid with labels Q, R, S, T.

Diagram 6: A 2x2 grid with labels U, V, W, X.

Diagram 7: A 2x2 grid with labels Y, Z, AA, AB.

Diagram 7: A 2x2 grid with labels Y, Z, AA, AB.

Diagram 8: A 2x2 grid with labels AC, AD, AE, AF.

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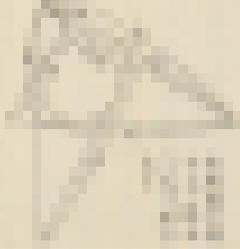


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 其構造之原理，係...  
 凡欲知其詳，請...



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1888



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一、凡欲求道者，必先明心見性。此心即吾人之心，性即吾人之性。心之明，性之見，則道在其中矣。

二、明心見性之法，在於靜坐。靜坐之時，心無所住，性自顯現。此即所謂「無心是道」也。

三、道之所在，無處不在。凡我日用之間，無一處不有。但能心隨事轉，事不礙心，則道即在焉。

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2. It then goes on to describe the various methods used to collect and analyze data.

3. The next section details the results of the experiments and the conclusions drawn from them.

4. Finally, the text concludes with a summary of the findings and suggestions for further research.

5. The following table shows the results of the experiments conducted over a period of six months.

6. The data indicates that there is a significant correlation between the variables studied.

7. This suggests that the theory proposed in the introduction is supported by the experimental results.

8. The authors would like to thank the following individuals for their assistance during the course of the study.

9. The work was supported in part by a grant from the National Science Foundation.

10. The authors are grateful to the reviewers for their helpful comments and suggestions.

11. The authors are also indebted to the staff of the laboratory for their technical assistance.

12. The work was carried out at the University of California, Berkeley.

13. The authors would like to express their appreciation to the following organizations for their generous support.

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論



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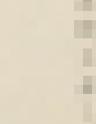
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1. The first part of the text discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions. It emphasizes that every entry should be supported by a valid receipt or invoice. This ensures transparency and allows for easy verification of the data.

2. The second part of the text describes the process of reconciling the accounts. This involves comparing the internal records with the bank statements to identify any discrepancies. If a difference is found, it is essential to investigate the cause immediately to prevent further errors.

3. The third part of the text outlines the steps for preparing the financial statements. This includes calculating the total revenue, expenses, and net profit for the period. The statements should be prepared on a regular basis to provide a clear picture of the company's financial health.

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Item	Value
Revenue	1000
Expenses	750
Net Profit	250

The first part of the text discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions, including receipts and invoices. It emphasizes the need for a systematic approach to bookkeeping, ensuring that every entry is properly documented and categorized.

The second part of the text describes the various methods used to record financial data, such as the double-entry system. It explains how debits and credits are used to track the flow of money and assets, providing a clear picture of the organization's financial health.

The third part of the text covers the process of reconciling accounts and preparing financial statements. It details the steps involved in comparing bank statements with internal records and how to identify and resolve any discrepancies.

The final part of the text discusses the role of bookkeeping in decision-making and financial planning. It highlights how accurate records provide valuable insights into the organization's performance and help in identifying areas for improvement.

The first part of the text discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions, including receipts and invoices. It emphasizes the need for a systematic approach to bookkeeping, ensuring that every entry is properly documented and categorized.

The second part of the text describes the various methods used to record financial data, such as the double-entry system. It explains how debits and credits are used to track the flow of money and assets, providing a clear picture of the organization's financial health.

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The first part of the book discusses the basic concepts of mathematics, including numbers, operations, and algebra. It covers the history of mathematics and the development of the number system.



The second part of the book deals with geometry, focusing on the properties of shapes and the calculation of area and volume. It includes a detailed explanation of the Pythagorean theorem and its applications.

The third part of the book covers trigonometry and the study of functions. It explains how to use trigonometric functions to solve problems involving angles and distances.



The final part of the book discusses calculus, introducing the concepts of limits, derivatives, and integrals. It shows how calculus is used to study the behavior of functions and to solve optimization problems.



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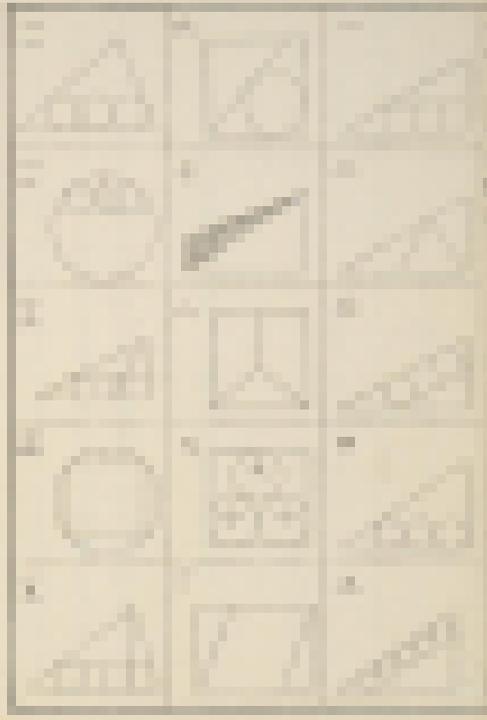
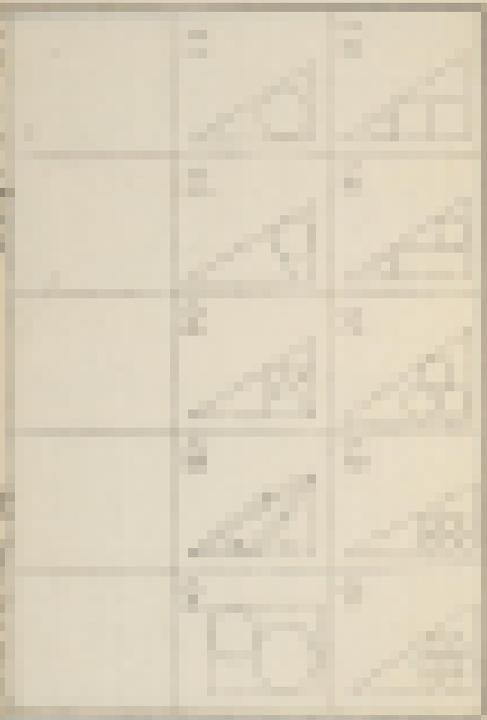
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一、關於本會之宗旨  
 本會之宗旨在於研究我國經濟之發展，並促進我國經濟之繁榮。本會之組織，由會員大會、理事會、監事會、秘書處、及各專門委員會等組成。本會之經費，由會員會費、社會捐助、及政府補助等項充之。本會之辦事處，設於本市中區某某路某某號。本會之成立，旨在為我國經濟之發展，貢獻一份力量。

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1. The first part of the book is a general introduction to the subject of the history of the world, and is divided into three parts: the first part is a general introduction to the subject of the history of the world, the second part is a general introduction to the subject of the history of the world, and the third part is a general introduction to the subject of the history of the world.

The second part of the book is a general introduction to the subject of the history of the world, and is divided into three parts: the first part is a general introduction to the subject of the history of the world, the second part is a general introduction to the subject of the history of the world, and the third part is a general introduction to the subject of the history of the world.

The third part of the book is a general introduction to the subject of the history of the world, and is divided into three parts: the first part is a general introduction to the subject of the history of the world, the second part is a general introduction to the subject of the history of the world, and the third part is a general introduction to the subject of the history of the world.

The fourth part of the book is a general introduction to the subject of the history of the world, and is divided into three parts: the first part is a general introduction to the subject of the history of the world, the second part is a general introduction to the subject of the history of the world, and the third part is a general introduction to the subject of the history of the world.



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Table with multiple rows and columns of handwritten text, likely a ledger or record book.

Handwritten text at the top of the left page, possibly a title or header.

Table with multiple rows and columns of handwritten text, likely a ledger or record book.

Handwritten text at the bottom of the left page, possibly a footer or concluding remarks.





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Handwritten text in the middle section of the page, continuing the cursive script.

Handwritten text in the lower section of the page, continuing the cursive script.

Handwritten text at the bottom of the page, possibly a signature or date.

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1. The first part of the book is devoted to a general introduction to the subject of the history of the world, and to a description of the various methods which have been employed by historians in the collection and arrangement of their materials.

2. The second part of the book is devoted to a detailed account of the history of the world, from the earliest times to the present day. This part is divided into several chapters, each of which deals with a particular period or event in history.

3. The third part of the book is devoted to a discussion of the various theories and opinions which have been advanced by historians regarding the causes and consequences of historical events.

4. The fourth part of the book is devoted to a discussion of the various methods which have been employed by historians in the collection and arrangement of their materials.

5. The fifth part of the book is devoted to a discussion of the various theories and opinions which have been advanced by historians regarding the causes and consequences of historical events.

6. The sixth part of the book is devoted to a discussion of the various methods which have been employed by historians in the collection and arrangement of their materials.

7. The seventh part of the book is devoted to a discussion of the various theories and opinions which have been advanced by historians regarding the causes and consequences of historical events.

8. The eighth part of the book is devoted to a discussion of the various methods which have been employed by historians in the collection and arrangement of their materials.

9. The ninth part of the book is devoted to a discussion of the various theories and opinions which have been advanced by historians regarding the causes and consequences of historical events.

10. The tenth part of the book is devoted to a discussion of the various methods which have been employed by historians in the collection and arrangement of their materials.

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Second section of handwritten text, appearing as a separate paragraph or entry.

Final section of handwritten text at the bottom of the page.

Main body of handwritten text on the reverse side of the page, continuing the cursive script.

Main body of handwritten text on the right page, consisting of several lines of cursive script.

Table with multiple columns and rows of handwritten entries, possibly a ledger or account book.

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